

ACO Marine Product Catalogue

Marine Drainage



ACO. creating the future of drainage.



The ACO system chain provides drainage solutions which meet the future needs of industries where hygiene is essential

In a food service environment, hot water, grease and organic waste must be managed using more sophisticated drainage concepts. ACO Marine achieves this with intelligent system solutions that optimise food safety, health and safety for both crew and passengers as well as the protection of the marine environment. Every ACO Marine product within the ACO system chain safely controls water as it passes along the chain to ensure it can be hygienically, economically and ecologically managed in a viable way.



collect:Collect and remove



Pre-clean and process



Protect and attenuate



Pump, discharge and reuse



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General introduction

ACO is one of the World's leading drainage specialists with 60 years' experience gained across a wide range of sectors. Our passion for producing high performance products has led us to make major investments in research and development.

Working in partnership with ship owners, managers and operators, as well as with shipyard design departments, we are continuously developing our products and developing our expertise. We understand the critical role that drainage plays in the successful operation of a vessel.

Our product portfolio includes items which are fully compliant with the highest hygienic requirements. We also have a full understanding of the food industry's own standards such as HACCP and we work with bodies including the European Hygienic Engineering and Design Group (EHEDG).

ACO drainage is used in applications anywhere where hygienic, corrosion resistant and durable drainage performance is essential:

- Professional galley
- Food processing facilities
- · Chilled provision rooms and freezers
- Restaurants
- Hospitals
- Accomodation areas
- and others



Hygiene First

As one of the World's leading marine drainage specialists, ACO Marine understands the critical role that drainage plays in a successful commercial food preparation business. We appreciate that food safety, hygiene and cost control are all vital factors, yet we also understand that for many, drainage is out of sight and out of mind.

As a result, many drainage systems are poorly designed leading to inefficiencies and costly on going cleaning and maintenance. In the worst case scenario it can result in food contamination, closure of a galley food preparation area or even detention of the vessel.

As the company that's driving the future of drainage, at ACO we are determined to change this by raising the profile of hygienic drainage and improving standards across every part of the process.

Our HygieneFirst philosophy represents our commitment to delivering products that provide ultimate hygienic performance. We design intelligent drainage solutions that minimize operational costs without compromising food safety.



Hygienic design requirements

ACO offers sustainable, integrated drainage systems which are designed to protect business, the environment and ultimately public health. Our aim is to constantly improve every aspect of safety, hygiene and functional performance. We believe that our systems and services are truly unique, delivering unparalleled benefits to everyone involved in project delivery or subsequent operation.

ACO hygienic drainage fulfils stringent hygienic requirements to prevent harmful bacteria contamination. We apply relevant hygienic design principles that are reserved for food contact surfaces EN 1672 and EN ISO 14159 to the design of our drainage products.

Hygienic design

Full drainability

The outlet is in lowest position.

Sleek slope functionality provides a fully drainable solution.

Round internal corners

Minimum radius of internal corners is 3 mm.

Hygienic joints

Butt welds are fully welded.

Metal-to-metal contact at non-disassembled joints is avoided.

Sealed joints are designed to prevent accumulation of soil and bacteria.

Edge in-fill

The channel frame edge is filled with a waterproof material.

Material

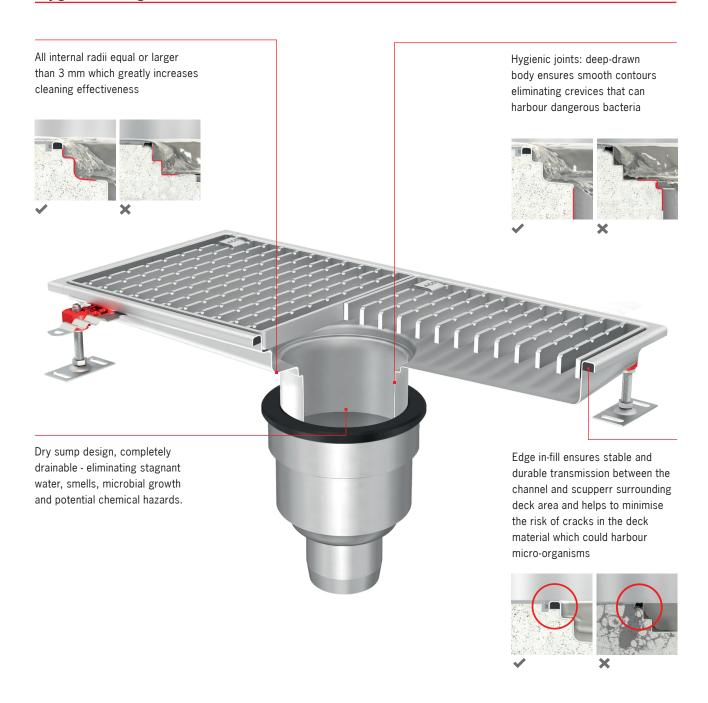
Stainless steel grade min. AISI 304 according to EN 10088.

Fully pickled and passivated or electropolished.



Hygienic design principles

Hygienic design



Note: Assembly example pictures.



Material and Surface treatment

Stainless steel

Stainless steel is the name given to a wide range of steels which have the characteristics of greatly enhanced corrosion resistance over conventional mild and low alloy steels. The enhanced corrosion resistance of stainless steel essentially comes from the addition of at least 11% of chromium, however, most commonly used stainless steels contain around 18% of chromium. Other significant alloying elements include nickel and for superior corrosion resistant properties, molybdenum.

Stainless steel has the following unique advantages:

- High corrosion resistance
- Nonporous, easy to clean and disinfect
- Aesthetically pleasing
- Resistant to extreme temperatures and thermal shock
- 100% recyclable material

ACO Marine drainage is manufactured from austenitic stainless steel, grades AISI 304 or AISI 316L according to EN 10088 and is ideal for applications including food preparation areas, galley deck drainage systems, provision rooms and freezers.

Surface treatment

The process cutting, forming and welding of stainless steel will introduce impurities into the surface of the material and unless the appropriate action is taken, the material will begin to corrode and ultimately fail in service. Therefore, after fabrication, it is vital that stainless steel is treated with the correct surface treatment to ensure it is fully corrosion resistant. By applying pickle passivation as the primary surface treatment, the corrosion resistance of stainless steel can be fully restored to its original state, ensuring long and reliable life performance together with the required aesthetic appearance.

Finishes used by ACO include: Pickle passivation (acid treatment)

All ACO drainage is pickle passivated by immersing products in a series of acid baths. This is a fundamental requirement for removing iron embedded particulates introduced in the fabrication process and also for restoring the chromium depleted regions generated by the welding process. ACO has one of the largest and most advanced pickle passivation installations in Europe which ensures the optimum corrosion resistance of our products.

Electropolishing (electrochemical process)

After pickle passivation, some products are then immersed in an electrolytic fluid in which the products become the anode of a direct current electrical circuit. This process is characterized by a selective attack of the surface of the components whereby upstanding roughness is preferentially dissolved and will yield a progressively smoother, brighter surface. All hygienic box channel grates are electro-polished as a standard.

Brushing (mechanical process)

ACO Marine channels have a brushed upper edge for aesthetic reasons.

Galvanized steel

Free deck galvanized steel scuppers are manufactured from welded, one-time cold-drawn precision steel sheet in accordance with DIN 2394.

Tensile strength: Rm 310-410 N/mm² Elongation at break: A5 min. 28%

As a material, the practical properties of steel include:

- virtually unbreakable
- dimensionally stable
- heat and frost proof
- favourable acoustic behaviour
- non-combustible



Standards and Certifications

ACO Marine Scuppers and Channels

ACO Marine Scupper and Channel ranges are designed, manufactured, tested and certified in accordance with EN 1253.

We apply the relevant hygienic design principles in accordance with EN 1672 and EN ISO 14159.

Benefits

ACO Marine provides solutions which optimise food safety, employee's health and safety as well as protection of the water and the environment. Every ACO product safely controls the water to ensure that it can be hygienically, economically and ecologically managed in a viable way.

1 Internal deck drainage



ACO Marine Stainless Steel Scuppers



ACO Marine Stainless Steel Channels

2 Free deck drainage



ACO Marine Free Deck Scuppers



System overview and Benefits

Food safety

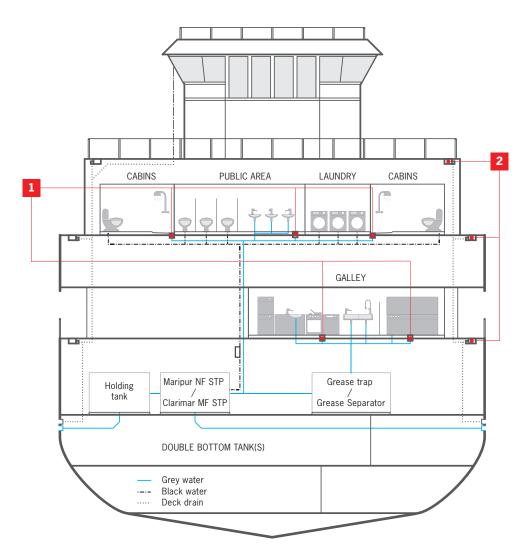
- ACO Marine hygienic drainage fulfills hygienic requirements to prevent harmful bacteria contamination.
 We apply relevant hygienic design principles reserved for food contact surfaces as recommended by EHEDG.
- Our product design ensures minimal build-up of food particles and debris as well as a safe connection with the surrounding deck material to minimise any opportunity for bacteria to grow throughout the drainage system.
- Sleek slope function and hygienically designed products ensure our system is fully drainable, eliminating the stagnant odour of waste water.

Cost control

- ACO Marine drainage systems can be easily maintained, reducing associated cleaning costs, thanks to their functional design and cleaning recommendations which have been developed in partnership with premium cleaning agent suppliers.
- ACO Marine's advanced manufacturing technologies ensure durability and our special surface treatment guarantees corrosion resistance. Our systems perform effectively at all times and keep as well as protection of the water and the environment disruption to a minimum.
- We provide expertise in drainage system planning, correct installation and creating a safe connection with the surrounding floor to avoid unnecessary costs.

Health & Safety

- For additional safety in high risk areas that require heavy water usage, a slip resistant grating is available.
- Each component of the drainage system is easy to remove and clean, and there are no sharp edges for optimum crew safety.

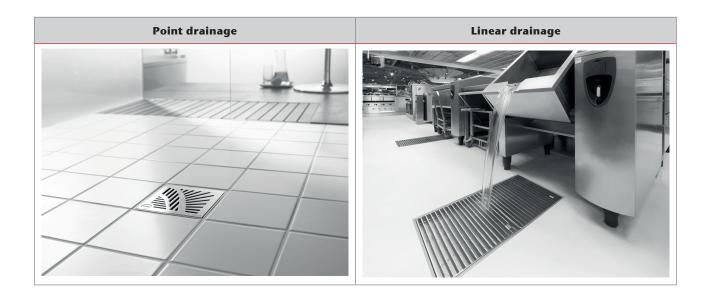




Drainage selection guide

Drainage type

Drainage options are selected according to galley and workspace layout, together with the type of equipment being utilised within the compartment.



Material resistance

The chemical mixture of the waste water from the process and/or from the cleaning as well as temperature of the final mixture influences the material resistance of the drainage system.

ACO Marine drainage is manufactured from austenitic stainless steel, grades AISI 304 or AISI 316L and it is ideal for food preparation areas, galley deck drainage systems, provision rooms and freezers.

Besides stainless steel, drainage products also contain sealing materials:

ACO Marine Scuppers – all the seals are made of NBR (acryl nitrile-butadiene rubber)

ACO Marine Channels – flange connection seals are made of NBR (acryl nitrile-butadiene rubber)

For details of material resistance see page 52 or contact our Sales/Technical department.



Channel edge selection depending on the floor type

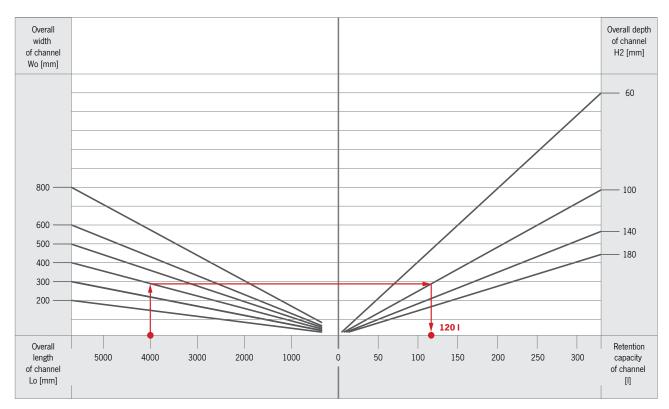
Depending on the floor type; the appropriate type of scupper body or channel should be selected.

		Channel + Scupper body		One part scupper
Deck finish	Tiled or resin floor	Resin floor	Vinyl floor	Tiled, resin or "direct deck floor"
Channel or scupper edge	Standard edge	L-profile edge	Standard edge	
Channel or scupper top drawing				
Scupper - lower part type	With	n welding sleeve or welding fla	inge	One part scupper
Scupper - lower part picture				
Installation example				



Retention capacity

Depending on the application, the appropriate retention capacity should be considered.

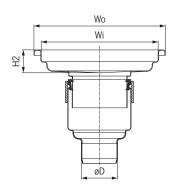


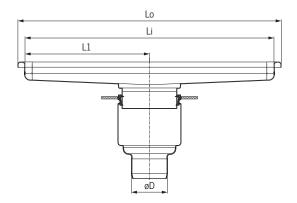
Example: channel length 4000mm, width 400mm, depth 100mm, retention capacity 120 l.

Channel geometry

Based on the retention capacity considered, as well as the deck structure, the particular dimensions of a channel or scupper - upper part (for telescopic solution) need to be specified. For the channel a construction

height at the outlet position as well as the position of the outlet and the height of the endcaps has to be defined.



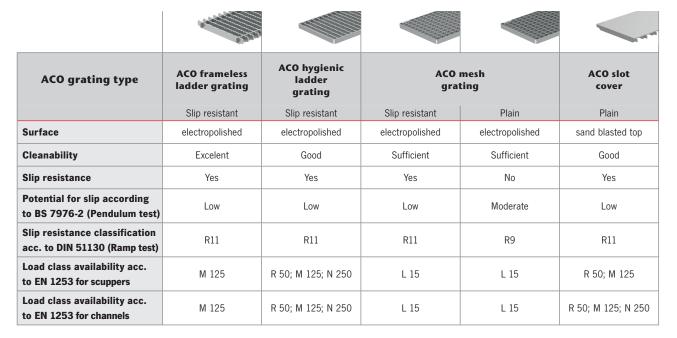




Gratings

For selecting the appropriate grating, the following properties have to be considered:

- Hygiene (cleanability)
- Slip resistant
- Load class



Load class standards

Though it is recommended to avoid traffic across the drainage system, to minimize the risk of floor/drainage connection failures from dynamic loading, the proper

load class defined by the grating has to be considered based on the defined traffic during all future operations.

Load class Application	Load class according to EN 1253	Description
Ì	К 03	 Areas loaded by weight of one person, typically in private premises, such as bath rooms, shower boxes, toilets, etc.
柳	L 15	 Pedestrian public areas without vehicular traffic, such as pedestrian corridors, small galleys, etc.
	R 50	 Areas with light vehicular traffic, e.g. trolleys and carts without an engine, pulled or pushed by operator
	M 125	Areas with medium vehicular traffic, e.g. trolleys and carts with their own engine
	N 250	Heavy duty areas, e.g. with forklift traffic



Flow rates and construction heights

Flow rates reflect the system's ability to constantly drain a certain amount of water.

Outlet possition - Vertical							
	ACO Marine Scuppers	ACO Marin	e Channels				
Outlet							
diameter	Flow rate [l/s]	Flow ra	ite [i/s]				
		H = 6	0 mm				
øD		A min. = 60	A max. = 85				
		B min. = 165	B max. = 190				
75	1.2	1.3	1.5				
110	1.2	1.3	1.5				

Notes:

Flow rates measured according to EN 1253.

Flow rate performance without sieve or silt basket (flow rates with empty sieve or silt basket are approximately 15% lower than the values stated).

Outlet possition - Horizontal							
	ACO Marine Scuppers	ACO Marin	e Channels				
	8	4 1 1	8				
Outlet diameter	Flow rate [l/s]	Flow ra	te [l/s]				
		H = 6	0 mm				
øD		A min. = 60	A max. = 85				
		B min. = 165	B max. = 190				
75	1.2	1.3	1.5				

Notes:

Flow rates measured according to EN 1253.

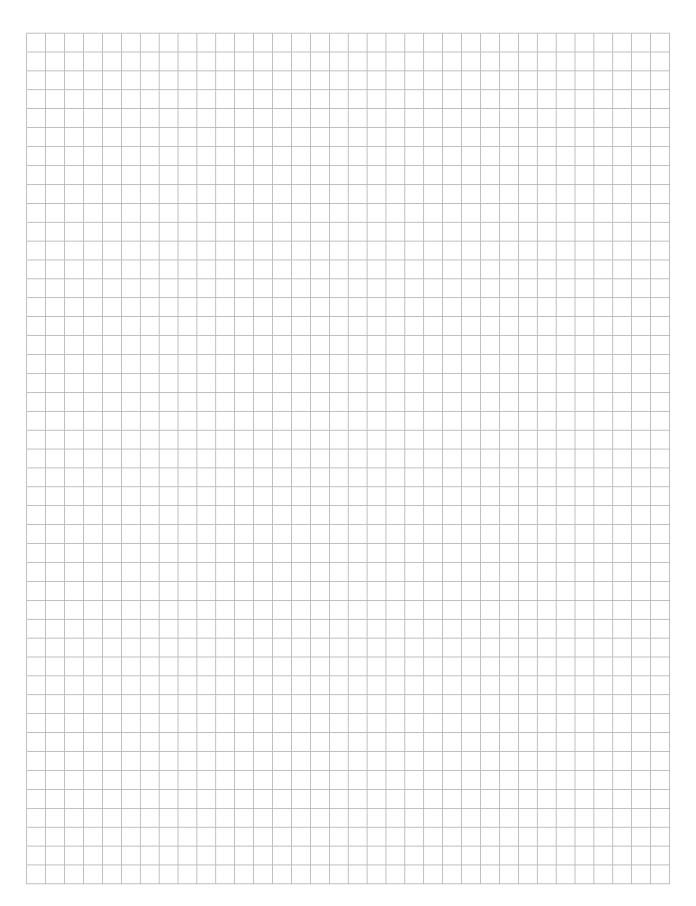
Flow rate performance without sieve or silt basket (flow rates with empty sieve or silt basket are approximately 15% lower than the values stated).

Accessories

For the collection of solid parts, the scupper or channel should be fitted with a sieve (optionally with a silt basket).



Notes







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Introduction

ACO Marine has designed a wide range of multi-application, high performance stainless steel floor scuppers.

The ACO Marine Scuppers range is designed to provide hygienic, quick, simple and economic trapped drainage solutions for washrooms, toilets, 'wet' bathrooms, changing rooms, galleys, swimming pools, etc.

All floor finishes, including all resin screeds, ceramic tiles, flexible vinyl sheet in solid and suspended flooring applications are catered for.

Manufactured from austenitic 304 grade stainless steel as standard; excellent corrosion resistance is guaranteed. Optional 316L grade stainless steel for aggressive applications is available in all scuppers.

Additional features include compact design, removable in-line foul air trap is fitted as standard, with a choice of vertical or horizontal spigot outlets, telescopic height adjustment and full rotational adjustment for tiles, wall or equipment alignment.

Optional side inlet facilities are provided to fit the hand basin and the condensation waste pipes.

Product Benefits

- Corrosion resistant 304 austenitic stainless steel construction
- 316L austenitic stainless steel option for aggressive environments
- Ultra-compact design ideal for suspended floor applications
- Quick, easy installation in screed, tiled or flexible vinyl flooring finishes
- Foul air trap fitted as standard, flow rate 1.2 l/sec
- Choice of Ø 110, 75 and 50 mm vertical or Ø 75 and 50 mm horizontal spigot outlets
- Foot safe, fitted as standard for pedestrian applications
- Smooth contour design minimises bacteria traps
- Attractive, neat appearance
- Telescopic height variant providing full 360° rotation and +/- 7.5° pitch & roll adjustment
- End stops provided preventing accidental dismantling on telescopic variants
- Three side inlets variants optionally available, supplied with fully interchangeable adaptors to suit 32 mm and 40 mm waste pipes
- Supplied boxed complete with fitting instructions - no loose parts

Typical Applications

- Washrooms
- Wet bathrooms
- Toilets
- Galleys
- Recreation area
- Swimming pools



System overview - ACO one part Scuppers 132

Scuppers - One part

Accessories



Scuppers- One part



Accessories

1 Foul air trap

2 Sieve

Scuppers - One part 132

1 Vertical (load class K 3)

2 Horizontal (load class K 3)



ACO one part scuppers 132

One part scupper with vertical outlet (load class K 3)

Drawing	D1 [mm]	H1 [mm]	H2 [mm]	Weight [kg]	Foul air trap	Material	Part no.									
		50	125	1.50	With	AISI 304	446464									
Ø142 ▼ Ø132	50	50	123	1.50	VVILII	AISI 316L	446465									
-	50	50	125	1.20	With out	AISI 304	446466									
12 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		50	125	1.20	Without	AISI 316L	446467									
	75	75	FO	105	1.05	\A/:+I-	AISI 304	446468								
			75	75	75	75	75	76	75	75	50	125	1.65	With	AISI 316L	446469
ØD1					FO	EO 12E	1.25	\\/*\!	AISI 304	446470						
		50	50 125	1.35	Without	AISI 316L	446471									
		60	107	1.50		AISI 304	446472									
	110	68	107	1.50	With	AISI 316L	446473									
	110	110	107	1.00	\\/:+l +	AISI 304	446474									
		68	107	1.20	Without	AISI 316L	446475									

One part scupper with horizontal outlet (load class K 3)

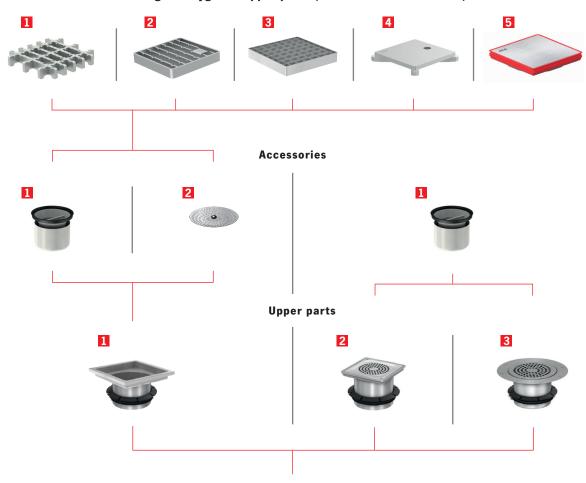
Drawing	D [mm]	H1 [mm]	L [mm]	Weight [kg]	Foul air trap	Material	Part no.	
Ø142		125	104	194 1.50	With	AISI 304	446476	
Ø132 Ø	EO.	125	194		VVILTI	AISI 316L	446477	
1155 H11	50	50	125	194	1.20	Without	AISI 304	446478
		123	194	1.20	without	AISI 316L	446479	
L		110	110	1.50	West.	AISI 304	446480	
	75	110	200	1.50	With	AISI 316L	446481	
	75					AISI 304	446482	
		110	200	1.20	Without	AISI 316L	446483	



System overview - Two part scuppers 132

Scuppers - Upper parts

Gratings for hygienic upper parts (load class L 15 and more)



Scuppers - Lower parts 132



Gratings for hygienic upper parts

- 1 Frameless ladder grating
- 2 Hygienic ladder grating
- 3 Mesh grating
- 4 Hygienic slot cover
- 5 Odour proof gully cover

Accessories

- 1 Foul air trap
- 2 Sieve

Scuppers - Upper parts

- 1 Hygienic upper part for tiled or resin floors (load class L 15 and more)
- 2 Upper part for tiled or resin floors (load class K 3)
- 3 Upper part for vinyl floors (load class K 3)

Scuppers - Lower parts 132

- 1 Vertical with welding sleeve
- 2 Vertical with welding flange
- 3 Horizontal with welding sleeve
- 4 Horizontal with welding flange



ACO two part Scuppers - Lower parts 132

Lower part with vertical outlet and welding sleeve

Drawing	D1 [mm]	H1 [mm]	H2 [mm]	Weight [kg]	Material	Part no.
Ø142	50	50	120	1.50	AISI 304	446439
20	50	50	120	1.50	AISI 316L	446440
<u>Ø132</u> 望	75	50	120	1.60	AISI 304	446441
					AISI 316L	446442
	110	68	102	1.70	AISI 304	446443
ØD1	110	00	102	1.70	AISI 316L	446444

Lower part with vertical outlet and welding flange

Drawing	D1 [mm]	H1 [mm]	H2 [mm]	Weight [kg]	Material	Part no.
Ø200	50	50	120	2.10	AISI 304	446445
021 Ø132 ¥	50 50	30		2.10	AISI 316L	446446
	75	50	120	2.20	AISI 304	446447
					AISI 316L	446448
	110	60	100	0.20	AISI 304	446449
ØD1	110	68	102	2.30	AISI 316L	446450

Lower part with horizontal outlet and welding sleeve

Drawing	D [mm]	H1 [mm]	L [mm]	Weight [kg]	Material	Part no.
Ø142	50	120	104	1 50	AISI 304	446451
051 0132 L	50 120	194	1.50	AISI 316L	446452	
	75	105	200	1.60	AISI 304	446453
	/5	105	200	1.00	AISI 316L	446454

Lower part with horizontal outlet and welding flange

Drawing	D [mm]	H1 [mm]	L [mm]	Weight [kg]	Material	Part no.
Ø200	50	75	104	2.20	AISI 304	446455
©132	50	/5	194	2.20	AISI 316L	446456
	75	FO	200	2.10	AISI 304	446457
L	75	59	200	2.10	AISI 316L	446458

Note

In order to avoid any damage to the seal ring between the lower and the upper parts of the scupper through welding, the lower part is delivered without the seal ring. The seal ring is attached to the upper part of the scupper. Before the assembly of the lower and upper parts, it is necessary to correctly insert the seal ring into the lower part of the scupper; according to the following mounting instructions:

- 1. Remove the seal ring from the spigot end of the upper part of the scupper.
- Ensure that the seal ring itself and the zone around the lower part of the scupper receiving the seal is clean, dry and free from dust, grit and any metallic particles.
- 3. Insert the dry seal ring into the lower part of the scupper as shown in the diagram below:



- When assembling the lower and upper parts of the scupper apply the lubricant (Order No 400520) sparingly to the lips to aid insertion.
- Do not use any tools to aid the assembly process, otherwise damage to the scupper seal ring may occur.



ACO two part Scuppers - Upper parts

Hygienic upper part tiled or resin floors (load class L 15 and more)

Drawing	Weight [kg]	Foul air trap	Material	Part no.
200 x 200 Ø110			AISI 304	446459
	1.05	With Foul Air Trap	AISI 316L	446460

For grates with load class L15 and more, please go to page 35. For more information about optional protective covers see page 61.

Upper part for tiled or resin floors (load class K 3)

Drawing	Load class	Weight [kg]	Foul air trap	Material	Part no.
150 x 150		1.05	With	AISI 304	410090
8 7 0110	W 02	1.05	WILLI	AISI 316L	410091
	K 03	0.75	William	AISI 304	410092
		0.75	Without	AISI 316L	410093

Upper part for vinyl floors (load class K 3)

Drawing	Load class	Weight [kg]	Foul air trap	Material	Part no.
Ø225 86		1.25	With	AISI 304	410094
Ø110 Ø		1.25	with	AISI 316L	410095
0,000,000		0.05	Without	AISI 304	410096
		0.95	Without	AISI 316L	410097



Upper part with three side inlets for tiled or resin floors (load class K 3)

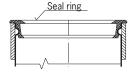
Drawing	Weight [kg]	Foul air trap	Material	Part no.
150 x 150 Ø132	2.05	With	AISI 304	410102
30	2.03	With	AISI 316L	410103
Ø110 88	1.75	Without	AISI 304	410104
	1.73	minout	AISI 316L	410105

Note: Side inlet diameters available in 32 and 40 mm.

Note:

In order to avoid any damage to the seal ring between the lower and the upper parts of the scupper through welding, the lower part is delivered without the seal ring. The seal ring is attached to the upper part of the scupper. Before the assembly of the lower and upper parts, it is necessary to correctly insert the seal ring into the lower part of the scupper; according to the following mounting instructions:

- 1. Remove the seal ring from the spigot end of the upper part of the scupper.
- Ensure that the seal ring itself and the zone around the lower part of the scupper receiving the seal is clean, dry and free from dust, grit and any metallic particles.
- 3. Insert the dry seal ring into the lower part of the scupper as shown in the diagram below:



- When assembling the lower and upper parts of the scupper apply the lubricant (Order No 400520) sparingly to the lips to aid insertion.
- Do not use any tools to aid the assembly process, otherwise damage to the scupper seal ring may occur.



ACO shower scuppers

ACO shower scuppers (load class K 3)

Drawing	Weight [kg]	Material	Part no.
150 x 150	0.70	AISI 304	400791
133	0.70	AISI 316L	400792



Gratings for ACO Marine Scuppers

Product information

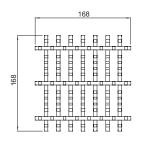
Variety of grate types is available depending on application and requested load class. For applications with high hygienic demands ladder grate or cast grate should be selected.

HygieneFirst features

- Hygienic design following EN 1672, EN ISO 14159
- Available in 1.4301 (304) or 1.4404 (316L) grades of stainless steel
- Fits to stainless steel gully, fully compliant to EN 1253 and NSF International
- Fully pickled and passivated
- Gully top frame size: 200 x 200 mm
- Range of gratings suitable to load class
 L 15, R 50, M 125 or N 250 (EN 1253)
- Slip resistant solution available

ACO frameless ladder grating



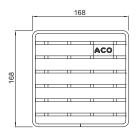


Load class	Slip resistant	Material	Part no.
M 125	Voc	AISI 304	446264
	Yes	AISI 316L	446265

Note: Surface electropolished

ACO hygienic ladder grating



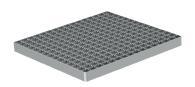


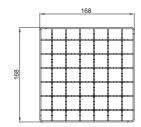
Load class	Slip resistant	Material	Part no.	
R 50	Yes	AISI 304		
K 50	res	AISI 316L	416913	
M 125	Vee	AISI 304	408093	
M 125	Yes	AISI 316L	408193	
N OFO	NI-	AISI 304	408043	
N 250	No	AISI 316L	408143	

Note: Surface electropolished



ACO mesh grating



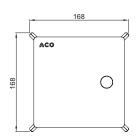


Load class	Slip resistant	Material	Part no.
	Van	AISI 304	408090*
L 15	Yes	AISI 316L	408190*
L 15	No -	AISI 304	408091 *
		AISI 316L	408191*

Note: Surface electropolished

ACO hygienic slot cover



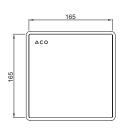


Load class	Slip resistant	Material	Part no.
R 50	Yes	AISI 304	445780
	tes	AISI 316L	445781
M 125	Vac	AISI 304	445782
	Yes	AISI 316L	445783

Note: Top surface sandblasted

ACO odour proof gully cover





Load class	Slip resistant	Material	Part no.
R 50	No	AISI 304	445398*
M 125	No	AISI 316L	445605 *

For ACO vacuum handle, please go to page 37.



^{*} Hygienic design following EN 1672, EN ISO 14159 not applied.

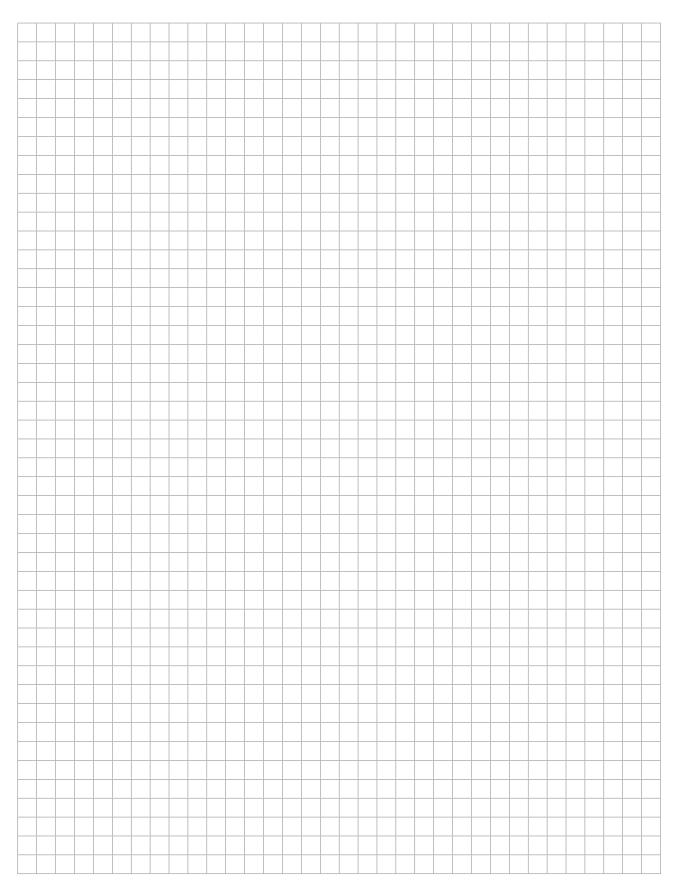
Accessories for ACO Marine Scuppers

	Description	Weight [kg]	Material	Part no.
175	- Futancian pios Otsiplaca atasl	0.35	AISI 304	410136
Ø110	■ Extension pipe Stainless steel	0.35	AISI 316L	410137
Ø108	Foul air trap Stainless steel	0.30	AISI 304	97217
28 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Upper part	0.30	AISI 316L	97267
Sieve (optional)	Sieve (optional)	0.10	AISI 304	97235
Ty.	■ Stainless steel	0.10	AISI 316L	97285
	Lubricant 500 ml	0.60	NBR	400520
120	ACO vacuum handle ACO odour proof gully cover		Aluminium	445622
	Seal for ACO scuppers - lower part 132		NBR	E63772

		P- tr	ap dimen	sion		14/		
	D1 [mm]	H1 [mm]	H2 [mm]	H3 [mm]	B [mm]	Weight [kg]	Material	Part no.
	50	68	78	149	187	0.50	AISI 304	98822
E B B	50 6	00	70		107	0.50	AISI 316L	98872
	75	75 04	0.6 1.0	100	000	0.70	AISI 304	98824
	75	94	86	193	232	0.70	AISI 316L	98874
	110	120	OF	25.4	200	1 20	AISI 304	98826
	110	132	95	254	300	1.30	AISI 316L	98876



Notes





Introduction

ACO Marine channel portfolio

The ACO Marine channel range includes channels for all common applications and all common floor types (tiles, resin or vinyl). The ACO Marine channel portfolio is designed with respect to hygienic design requirements. Selecting a channel from the range is easy.

The unique variability of the whole portfolio makes it easy to choose a channel that suits a customer's specific needs. Channel length, depth and outlet position are just a few of the parameters which can be varied and, regardless of the variations specified, there is no impact on delivery lead times.

ACO Marine channel ordering

The dimensions of the ACO Marine channel can be easily specified in respect of project requirements. To specify the channel please use the Customization template (see page 36) which will help you to identify the information you need, or contact our Sales/Technical department.

ACO Marine channels with fixed dimensions are also available. These dimensions are a selection of most frequently sold ACO Marine channels.

ACO Marine channel customization

In addition all ACO Marine channels can be designed with:

- Special outlet position
- Special depth
- Special slope
- Special channel width
- L-shape and T-shape lay out
- Special side inlets

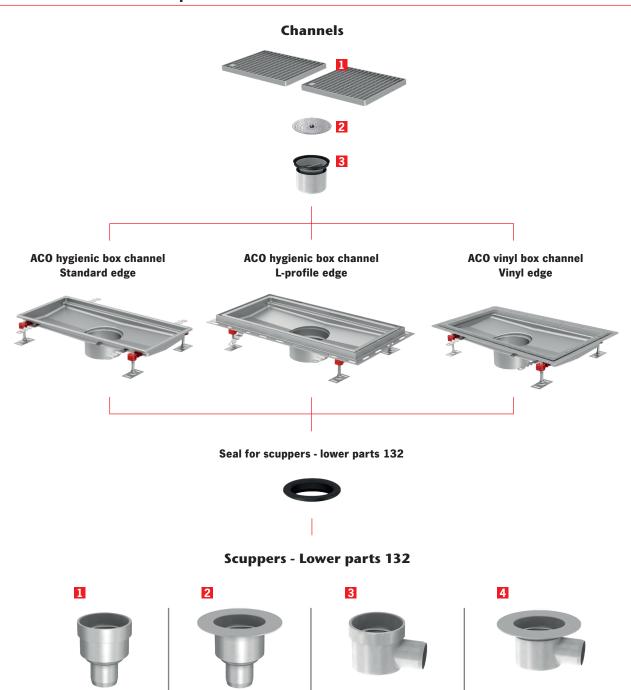
To ask for customised ACO Marine channel, please contact our Sales/technical department. Please take into consideration that ACO Marine channel customization could decrease the number of hygienic design features.



System overview

ACO Marine Channel

ACO Marine channel - telescopic solution



Channels

- 1 Gratings
- 2 Sieve
- 3 Foul air trap

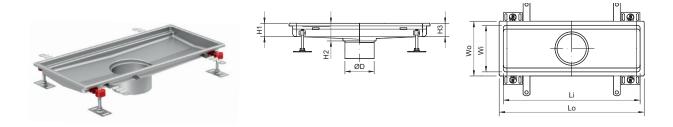
Scuppers - Lower parts 132

- 1 Vertical with welding sleeve
- 2 Vertical with welding flange
- 3 Horizontal with welding sleeve
- 4 Horizontal with welding flange



ACO hygienic box channel

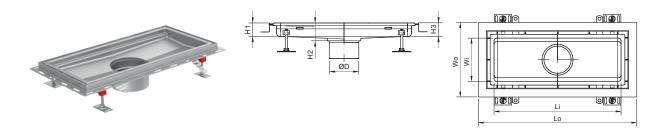
Standard edge



External (overall) width	Internal (grating) width	Length of channel Height at outlet of channel		Height at end of channel	
Wo [mm]	Wi [mm]	Lo	H2	H1 and H3	
150	120	*			
200	170	Variable	50-200	50, 80, 110, 140	
300	270				

^{*} Longer channels over 6 m in length are supplied, as standard, divided into sections up to 6 m long with transport joints.

L-profile edge



External (overall) width	Internal (grating) width	Length of channel	Height at outlet of channel	Height at end of channel	
Wo [mm]	Wi [mm]	Lo	H2	H1 and H3	
185	120	*			
235	170	Variable	50-200	50, 80, 110, 140	
365	270				

^{*} Longer channels over 6 m in length are supplied, as standard, divided into sections up to 6 m long with transport joints.

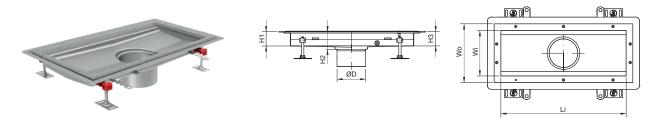
Note:

• For more information about optional protective covers see page 61.



ACO vinyl box channel

Vinyl edge



External (overall width	Internal (grating) width	Length of channel	Height at outlet of channel	Height at end of channel	
Wo [mm]	Wi [mm]	Li	H2	H1 and H3	
230	170	* Variable	50-200	50, 80, 110, 140	
330	270	variable	50-200	50, 60, 110, 140	

^{*} Longer channels over 6 m in length are supplied, as standard, divided into sections up to 6 m long with transport joints.

Note:

• For more information about optional protective covers see page 61.



Gratings for ACO Marine Channels

ACO frameless ladder grating

HygieneFirst features

- Hygienic design following EN 1672, EN ISO 14159
- Fully pickled and passivated
- Electropolished surface
- Registered logo design allows for easy manipulation during cleaning
- Rounded corners

- High flow capacity
- Range of gratings suitable for load class M 125 (EN 1253)
- Slip resistant
 - Low potential for slip according to BS 7976-2,
 - R11 according to DIN 51130



ACO hygienic ladder grating

HygieneFirst features

- Hygienic design following EN 1672, EN ISO 14159
- Fully pickled and passivated
- Electropolished surface
- Registered logo design allows for easy manipulation during cleaning
- Rounded corners
- · High flow capacity

- Range of gratings suitable for load class R 50, M 125 and N 250 (EN 1253)
- Tested and certified according to NSF International
- Slip resistant
 - Low potential for slip according to BS 7976-2,
 - R11 according to DIN 51130



ACO mesh grating

- ACO mesh grating with slip resistant finish
- Tested and certified according to EN 1253
- Range of gratings suitable to load class L 15 (EN 1253)
- Electropolished surface
- High flow capacity of grates
- Rounded corners
- Slip resistant
- Slip resistant low potential for slip according to BS 7976-2,
- R11 according to DIN 51130



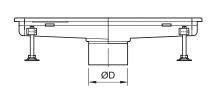
ACO hygienic slot cover

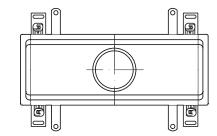
- Hygienic design following EN 1672, EN ISO 14159
- Fully pickled and passivated
- Sandblasted surface
- Range of gratings suitable for load classes R 50, M 125 and N 250 (EN 1253)
- Rounded corners
- Slip resistant
 - Low potential for slip according to BS 7976-2,
 - R11 according to DIN 51130





Accessories for ACO Marine Channel





ACO Marine Channel with outlet pipe D 110 mm

	Description	Used with	Material	Item number
Ø105	Sieve (for outlet 110 mm) • Stainless steel	ACO Marine Scupper 132ACO Marine Channel	AISI 304	97235
			AISI 316L	97285
Ø108	Foul air trap • Stainless steel • Water seal 50 mm	ACO Marine Scupper 132ACO Marine Channel	AISI 304	97217
			AISI 316L	97267
Ø102+2 7 # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	Silt basket • Stainless steel	ACO Marine Scupper 132ACO Marine Channel	AISI 304	409190
			AISI 316L	409189
	Seal (for scuppers - lower parts 132)	ACO scuppers - lower part 132	NBR	E63772



ACO Marine Channel - Bespoke Drainage solution

Product information

The dimensions of the ACO customized box channel for tiles and resin floor can be easily specified in respect of project requirements.

- Available in AISI 304 (304) or AISI 316L(316L) grades of stainless steel, pickled and passivated
- Material thickness 1.5 mm or 2 mm
- Width up to customer request
- Length up to customer request
- Depth up tu customer request
- Variable shape of channel T shape,
 L shape, ...
- Longitudinal slopes of the channel bottom 1-5 %
- Outlet position central or variable in longitudinal axis or eccentric outlet
- Adjustable EasyFix levelling feet
- Anchors for fixing in concrete
- Protective cover available for recommended channel widths.
 See page 51 for more details

Instruction

Please define channel dimensions by filling out required entry fields.

Yellow entry fields highlight hygienic design options



White entry fields highlight non-hygienic design options

Step 1 - Material



Stainless steel grade AISI 304 (AISI 304)



Stainless steel grade AISI 316L (AISI 316L)

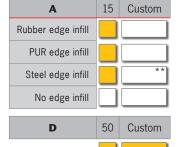
Step 2 - Edge profiles

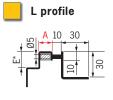


















Folded with flange





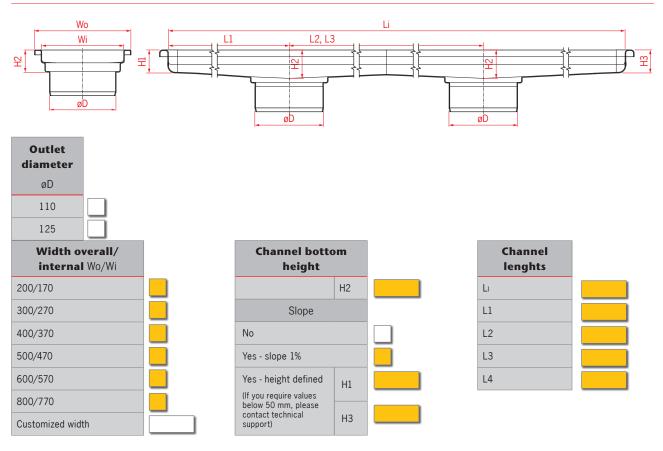
Vinyl clamp



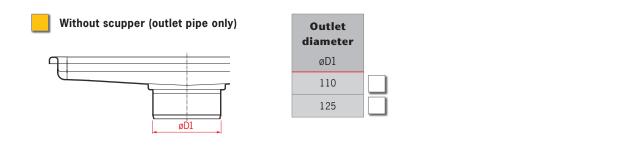
- * Sitting height "E" for gratings is defined in step 7
- ** For hygienic solution, check with technical support



Step 3 - Channel dimensions



Step 4 - Scupper

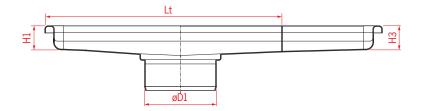


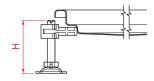
Step 5 - Accessories





Step 6 - Delivery requirements

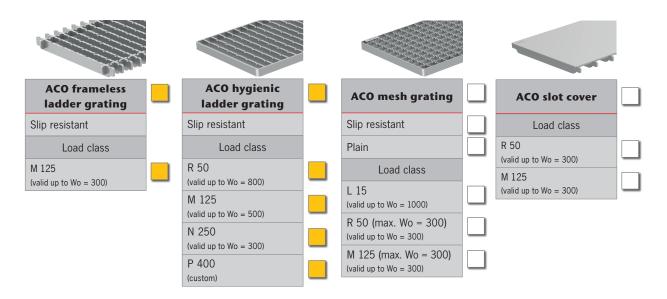




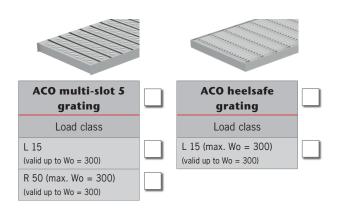
Tuansna	ut commostion	Connection type					
iranspo	rt connection	Welded on site	Rubber seal				
	6000 (standard)						
Length †	3000						
L	2000						

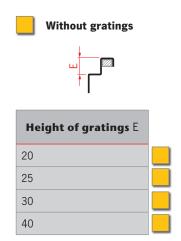


Step 7 - Gratings









Step 8 - Protective covers

With protective covers
(For more information about protective covers, see page 62.)





ACO Design Channel

Product information

Even atypical solutions can be easily realised using stainless steel. The broad spectrum of finishes and shapes gives complete design freedom.

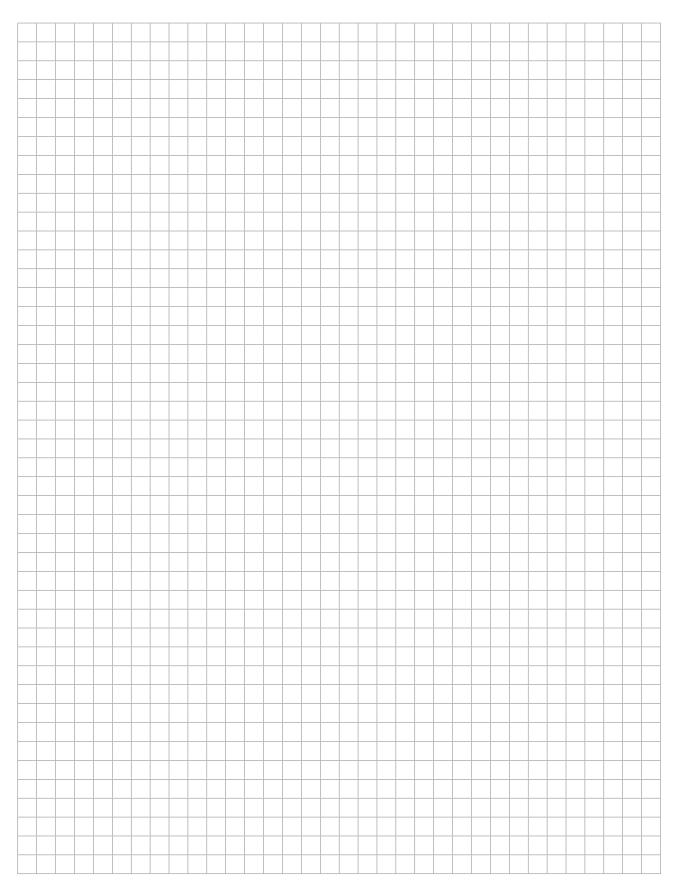
Customers' individual channel designs will be managed by our expert team with tailor-made services for specific projects with full proposal information, CAD layout drawings and assembly instructions.

Contact our Sales/Technical department team and we will help you with your project.











Transport & handling information

ACO Marine Scupper

- ACO Marine Scuppers are packed on framed pallets, protected by cardboard inserts and PE foil. Individual products are packed in protective plastic net.
- Outlet pipes are equipped with protective lids.
- Gully tops and flanges are covered with protective blisters, which also protect the inside areas during installation.
 Individual products are packed in plastic protective net.
- Handle the scupper/ scupper parts with care. Any rough manipulation (like dragging along the ground, dumping off the truck...) can cause deformation and potentially cause product malfunctions.
- Contact with carbon steel may cause stainless steel corrosion.

ACO Marine Channel

- The maximum transportable length of channel is 6 000 mm.
 In case of container or air transport, the recommended maximum transport length is 2 000 mm. Longer channels over 6 000 mm in length are supplied, as standard, divided into sections up to 6 000 mm long with transport joints
- If one piece channel is required, the channel will have to be welded on site. Please contact our Sales/Technical department.
- ACO Marine Channel is packed on framed/ non framed pallets fixed by plastic tape.
- Products are protected by wooden inserts and frames, in some cases PE foil or bubble foil is used.
- Articles are either wrapped seperately in ACO paper box or placed loose within EUR pallet space. It is strongly recommended that channels / channel parts / accessories are transported in their original packaging to avoid damage and / or loss of parts.
- Store preferably on dry and flat surface.
- Handle the channels/ channel parts/ accesories with care.
 Careful truck un/loading procedures are crucial. Any rough manipulation (like dragging along the ground, dumping off the truck etc...) can cause deformation and potentially cause product malfunctions.
- Contact with carbon steel may cause stainless steel corrosion.



ACO Grating

- Standard grating length for ACO Marine Channel is 500 mm and 1 000 mm
- ACO grating is packed on framed pallets protected by cardboard inserts and PE foil.
- Articles are either wrapped seperately in ACO paper box or placed loose within EUR pallet space.
- It is strongly recommended to transport gratings in their original packaging to avoid damage. Store preferably on dry and flat surface.
- Handle the gratings with care.
- Any rough manipulation (like dragging along the ground, dumping off the truck...) can cause deformation and potentially cause product malfunctions.
- Contact with carbon steel may cause stainless steel corrosion.



Introduction

Drainage is a critical component affecting the hygienic performance of food preparation areas. Effective drainage helps to mitigate hazards from the external environment and is central to the safe and hygienic operation internally. Within the food production facility, surface liquids represent potential hazard of microbiological contamination. Liquids may be part of the cleaning process, or

may originate from specific equipment discharge points, or be simply the result of an accidental spillage. Quite often the liquids contain other components – organic matter being predominant. Floor drainage components cater for these situations through three core functions - interception, conveyance of fluids, and ability to act as a barrier.

Effective cleaning of drainage in commercial food preparation areas reduces risk of contamination and spoiling of food during preparation, processing, and storage. The main objective of cleaning is to remove soil to obtain clean surface and thereby reduce number of microorganisms. A further reduction of microorganisms can be obtained by disinfection.

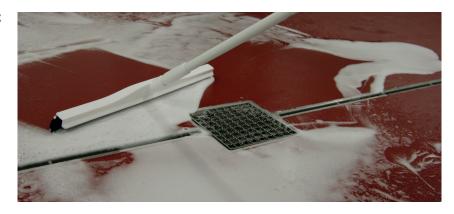


Principles of cleaning

The principles of cleaning involve combination of thermal, kinetic and chemical energy. The cleaning processes are always combination of these factors and and the time required for these to work. The key point to highlight is that all equipment – **including drainage** – in food processing plant should have hygienic design, which is easy to clean and disinfect. Otherwise the cleaning process is time and energy consuming and not cost effective. All surfaces of ACO stainless steel drainage are hygienically designed – no sharp corners, edges, dead spaces and crevices. ACO drainage is easily accessible for cleaning and visual inspection.

The effectiveness of drainage cleaning depends on number of factors:

- Soil type and properties
- Material, design and surfaces
- Water quality
- Cleaning chemicals
- Cleaning procedure
- Cleaning parameters; like temperature, time, flow velocity and concentration of chemicals



There are two different types of surface to be cleaned

Product contact surface

All equipment that itentionally or unitentionally (e.g. due to splashing) comes into contact with final product or from which product or condensate may drain, drop or be drawn into the main product or product container.

Non product contact surface

All other exposed surfaces, including surfaces associated with equipment, such as support structures, control panels and external surfaces. It also includes surfaces related to the manufacturing environment, such as decks, walls and drain channels.

We also differentiate between dry and wet cleaning processes

Dry cleaning

Dry cleaning is essentially a mechanical removal of soils using sweeping, brushing, wiping and vacuuming. Environments typically to be cleaned by dry methods include areas where flour and other dry food products are used.

Wet cleaning

Wet cleaning involves application of fluids (usually water based) to achieve the desired cleaning result. This can be applied to Open Plant Cleaning (OPC): surfaces to be cleaned have to be accessible to fluids. In addition, some components may be physically removed from production area and cleaned separately – Cleaning out of place (COP). Drainage systems require wet cleaning.

The final distinction is between manual or automatic cleaning processes

Manual cleaning

Manual cleaning is generally considered as labour intensive and therefore often expensive. The manual tools should be hygienic – resistant to applied chemicals and suitable for a specific operation. Operators should be properly trained to be able to perform cleaning processes. ACO drainage has all the elements of hygienic design that makes cleaning of ACO drainage much easier and faster when compared to competitive products.

Automatic cleaning

Utensils and dismantled parts of equipment are cleaned and disinfected automatically in industrial washing machines, tray or tunnel washers (automatic COP). CIP is also defined as automatic cleaning system.

Cleaning in Place (CIP)

Finding the right Cleaning in Place (CIP) solution for your plant is essential for the ultimate success of your manufacturing processes, quality, safety, increased production time, less downtime for cleaning and environmental efficiency can only be achieved with a CIP system that responds perfectly to your needs. An optimised CIP plant will give you the required

results to enhance your production processes and ensure maximum hygiene and product safety at your deck.



Cleaning chemicals

There are three main classes of cleaning compounds:

- detergents
- alkalies
- acids
- disinfectants/sanitizers

Detergents

This broad group of chemicals is widely used in food preparation areas to remove dirt and other soil material from surfaces creating a foam and emulsions that could be easily rinsed off.

Alkalies

Alkaline compounds are effective for dissolution of proteins and removal of fats. Example of alkalies are sodium hydroxide (caustic soda) and potassium hydroxide. These compounds are hazzardeous to personnel and mostly used in CIP – automatic dosing system is recommended.

Acids

Acids, both organic and inorganic, are commonly used for removal of mineral deposits, such as hard water scale". Acids are potentialy corrosive to construction materials and must be used with care.

When chemical cleaning is performed, it is necessary to use low-pressure sprays, foam or gel. Foam and gel are more viscous than sprayed agents and preferred as they are not prone to aerosol formation. Selection of the correct detergent for given application should always be done in co-operation with the detergent supplier.

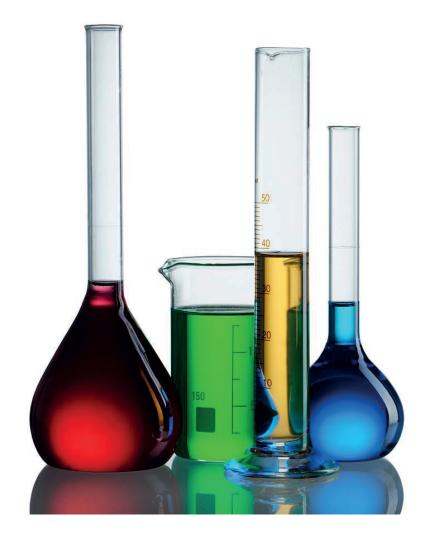
Disinfectants/sanitizers

In case of high risk area's or production areas with microbiological sensitive products, the decks and drain systems should be sprayed with disinfectants/sanitizers, which will further reduce the contamination risk. The disinfectants/sanitizers will kill remaining micro-organisms, according to the required specifications.

The plant downtime and labour associated with cleaning is major cost of any food processing operation.

Sources of soil

Primary source of soil is from processed food product itself. Microbiological bio-films mainly contribute to the soil build up on drainage surfaces. These films vary in their solubility depending upon such factors as heat effect, age, dryness, time, etc. It is essential that personel involved in the cleaning process have understanding of the nature of the soil to be removed before selecting a detergent and cleaning method. The rule of thumb is that acid cleaners dissolve alkalaine soils (minerals), and and detergents disolve acid soils and food wastes (proteins).





Manual cleaning of drainage



Remove all present grocery, raw materials, wrapping materials and tools.



Wash all surfaces with designated detergent and designated hand brush.



Cover all equipment that could be contaminated.



Rinse all surfaces with clean water.



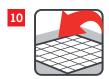
Remove excess dirt from floor and gratings, and place into designated container.



Visually check surface cleanliness - repeat cleaning process if neccessary.



Remove gratings.



Place silt basket and grating to its original position.



Remove and empty silt basket and foul air trap.



Rinse the entire equipment with clean water.



Place collected waste and dirt into designated container. Rinse grating, silt basket and foul air trap with clean water. Then place foul air trap into its original position.



Chemical cleaning of drainage



Remove all present grocery, raw materials, wrapping materials and tools.



Apply foam to all surfaces.



Cover all equipment that could be contaminated.



Leave foam for 15 minutes.



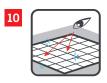
Remove excess dirt from floor and gratings; and place into designated container.



Rinse off foam with clean water.



Remove gratings.



Visually check surface cleanliness - repeat cleaning process if neccessary.



Remove and empty silt basket and foul air trap.



Place silt basket and grating to its original position.



Place collected waste and dirt into designated container. Rinse grating, silt basket and foul air trap with clean water. Then place foul air trap into its original position.



Rinse the entire equipment with clean water.



Overview with recommended cleaning procedures for drainage

These instructions are for guidance only. Always follow manufacturer's instructions.

All procedures have to be verified and adjusted to the application specifics.

Frequency	Procedure	Physical agents	Chemical agents	Examples of chemical cleaning agents suitable for ACO stainless steel drainage
Daily	Removal of organic deposits (fats, proteins, saccharides and polysaccharides)	 Steam Medium pressure water to max 25 bar Mechanical / kinetic energy (brushes, CIP medium velocity) 	 Caustics (sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide) Detergents / surfactants 	Standard chemical agents used for floor cleaning should be sufficient (should be validated) Oxofoam, Endorochlor
Weekly	Removal of inorganic deposits that could promote very resistent biofilms	Mechanical abrasive methods – polishing	 Nitric acid for stainless steel passivation where chlorine attack could be expected Inorganic acids (phosphoric acid) Weak organic acids 	AcifoamAcigelSuper Dilac
Note	Removal of rinse water residues	Removal of excess water with a squeegee	Alcohols (isopropylalcohol, ethanol)	Chlorine tablets are often added to the water in foul trap in microbial sensitive production area's

Any cleaning procedures, including those recommended by equipment suppliers, must be properly validated at the equipment, where it will be applied and on the soil that could be expected even after certain time of usage.

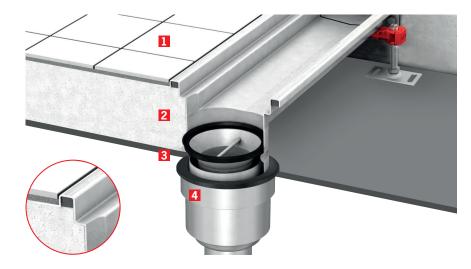
Always follow manufacturer's instructions to avoid damage to the equipment.



ACO hygienic box channel

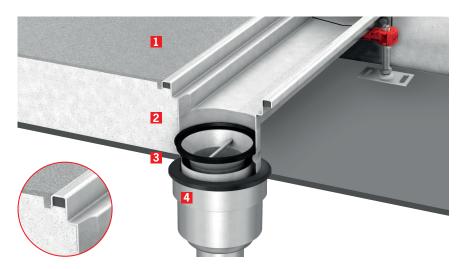
ACO hygienic box channel - standard edge connected to tiled floor

- 1 Tiled floor
- 2 Floor screed
- 3 Steel deck
- 4 ACO Marine Scupper Lower part



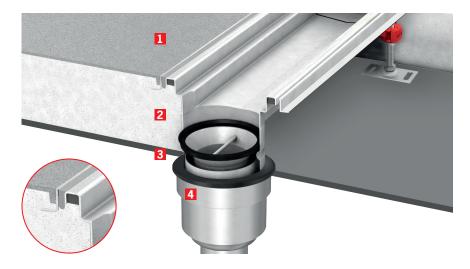
ACO hygienic box channel - standard edge connected to resin floor

- 1 Epoxy/resin floor
- 2 Floor screed
- 3 Steel deck
- 4 ACO Marine Scupper Lower part



ACO hygienic box channel - I-profile edge connected to resin floor

- 1 Epoxy/resin floor
- 2 Floor screed
- 3 Insulation
- 4 Steel deck
- 4 ACO Marine Scupper Lower part

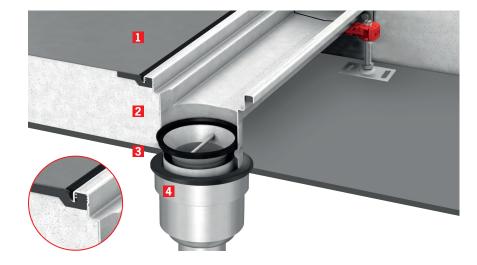




ACO vinyl box channel

ACO vinyl box channel connection to vinyl floor

- 1 Vinyl floor
- 2 Floor screed
- 3 Steel deck
- 4 ACO Marine Scupper Lower part



ACO protective covers

Description

Features and benefits:

- Protection from installation material debris
- Eliminates cleaning of drainage after installation
- Prevents injuries on worksite
- Certified according to EN 12811-1 for scaffolding load class 3
- Eco friendly and easily disposable

ACO protective covers made from OSB are available for:

- All ACO Marine Scuppers and ACO Marine Channels, standard, semi-standard and customized
- ACO vinyl deck channels, standard, semi-standard and bespoke solutions

Order information:

- For standard articles, add _C at the end of product article number (example: 111111_C)
- For semi-standard and bespoke articles, specify this option in the order process





Load area	Maximum load capacity	Maximum pressure
200 x 200 mm	max. 100 kg	max. 2.5 N/cm ²
500 x 500 mm	max. 150 kg	max. 0.6 N/cm ²
1000 x 1000 mm	max. 200 kg	max. 0.2 N/cm ²

Classification according to EN 12811-1



Resistance of Material

 1 = Very good service to operating limit of material 2 = Moderate service 3 = Limited or variable service 4 = Unsatisfactory 	AISI 316L Stainless	AISI 304 Stainless	EPDM	NBR	FPM
Acetone	1	1	1	4	4
Acetic acid (diluted) 30%	1	1	1	2	2
Acetic acid 100%	1	1	1	3	3
Acetic acid anhydride	1	1	2	3	4
Aluminium chloride	4	4	1	1	1
Aluminium sulfate	1	4	1	1	1
Ammonium carbonate	1	1	1	4	2
Ammonium chloride	2	3	1	1	1
Ammonium hydroxide	1	1	1	4	2
Amyl chloride	1	1	4	4	1
Anilin	1	1	2	4	3
Anilin hydrochloride	4	4	2	2	2
Barium chloride	2	2	1	1	1
Barium hydroxide	1	1	1	1	1
Benzaldehyde Benzene	1	1	4	4	1
Benzeite acid	1	1	4	4	1
Borax	1	1	1	2	1
Boric acid	1	1	1	1	1
Bromine	4	4	4	4	1
Bromine chloride acid	4	4	1	2	1
Bromine hydrogen acid	4	4	1	4	1
Bromoethylene	1	1			
Butanol	1	1	4	1	1
Butyl acetat	1	1	2	2	4
Butyric acid	1	1	2	4	4
Calcium bisulfate el sulfite	1	1	4	1	1
Calcium chloride	2	2	1	1	1
Calcium hydroxide	1	1	1	1	1
Calcium hypoklorite	2	3	1	3	1
Carbon disulfide	1	1	4	4	1
Carbon tetrachloride	1	1	4	3	1
Chloracetic acid (mono)	4	4	2	4	4
Chloride	4	4			
Chloril acid	4	4	1	4	1
Chlorine (dry)	1	1	1	2	1
Chlorobenzene Chloroform	2	2	4	4	1
Chlorosulfonic acid	2	3	4	4	3
Copper chloride	2	2	1	1	1
Copper nitrate	1	1	1	1	1
Copper sulfate	1	1	1	1	1
Ether	1	1	3	4	3
Ethyl chloride	1	1	1	1	1
Foul Air Trap ty acid	1	1	4	2	1
Flourine (dry)	1	1			
Flourine hydrogen acid	4	4	2	4	1
Formaldehyde	1	1	1	2	1
Formic acid	1	1	1	2	3
Furfural	1	1	2	4	4
Gallic acid	1	1	2	2	1
Hydrochloric acid	4	4	1	4	1
Hydrogen peroxide	1	1	3	4	2
lodine (wet)	4	4	2	2	1
Lead acetate	1	1	1	2	4

 1 = Very good service to operating limit of material 2 = Moderate service 3 = Limited or variable service 4 = Unsatisfactory 	AISI 316L Stainless	AISI 304 Stainless	EPDM	NBR	FPM
Magnesium chloride	2	2	1	1	1
Magnesium sulfate	1	1	1	1	1
Mercury	1	1	1	1	1
Methanol	1	1	1	1	3
Methylone ablavida	1	2	<u>3</u>	4	2
Methylene chloride Natphalene	2	1	4	4	1
Nickel chloride	2	2	1	1	1
Nickel sulfate	1	1	1	1	1
Nitric acid	3	3	3	4	1
Oxalic acid	3	3	1	2	1
Perchloric acid	4	4	2	4	1
Phorsphor acid	1	1	2	4	1
Picric acid	1	1	2	2	1
Potassium bromide	1	1	1	1	1
Potassium carbonate	1	1	1	2	1
Potassium chlorate	1	1	1	1	1
Potassium cyanide	1	1	1	1	1
Potassium hydroxide	1	1	1	2	2
Potassium nitrate	1	1	1	1	1
Potassium permanganate	1	1	1	3	1
Potassium sulfate	1	1	1	1	1
Potassium sulfide	1	1	1	1	1
Potassiumchloride	2	2	1	1	1
Prophylene dichloride	2	3	<u>4</u> 1	1	1
Sal ammoniac Silver nitrate	1	1	1	2	1
Soda (ash)	1	1	1	1	1
Sodium acetate	1	1	1	2	4
Sodium bicarbonate	1	1	1	1	1
Sodium bisulfate	1	3	1	2	1
Sodium bisulfite	1	1	1	1	1
Sodium bromide	2	2	1	3	1
Sodium chlorate	1	1	1	2	1
Sodium chloride	4	4	1	1	1
Sodium cyanide	1	1	1	1	1
Sodium fluoride	1	1	1	1	1
Sodium hydroxide	1	1	1	2	2
Sodium hypoklorite	4	4	2	2	1
Sodium nitrate	1	1	1	2	2
Sodium sulfate	1	1	1	1	1
Sodium sulfide Sodium sulfite	1	1	1	1	1
Stannicous chloride	2	3	2	1	1
Sulfur	1	1	1	4	1
Sulfur chloride	1	1	4	3	1
Sulfur dioxide	1	2	1	4	1
Sulfuric acid	4	4	2	4	1
Sulfurous acid	1	3	2	2	1
Tionyl chloride	1	1	4	4	1
Toluene (toluol)	1	1	4	4	1
Trichloroethylene	1	1	4	3	1
Turpentine	1	1	4	1	1
Xylene (xylol)	1	1	4	4	2
Zinc sulfate	1	1	1	1	1

Note:

Concentration levels and length of exposure have a direct influence on the resistance of stainless steel to certain chemicals. Each application should

therefore be carefully reviewed to determine the suitability of stainless steel.

Assumptions:

Data presented are used as a guide only, for detailed information please contact our Sales/Technical department.



Sealing material information

Sealing material information

EPDM

(ethylene propylene diene monomer)

Black sealing rubber ring, which is suitable for most applications where there are no oil or petrol residues in the waste water.

NBR

(acryl nitrile-butadiene rubber)

Black sealing rubber ring which is suitable for waste water applications where there are petrol or oil residues. NBR is not resistant to solvents and high temperatures.

FPM

(fluoroelastomer) - Viton®

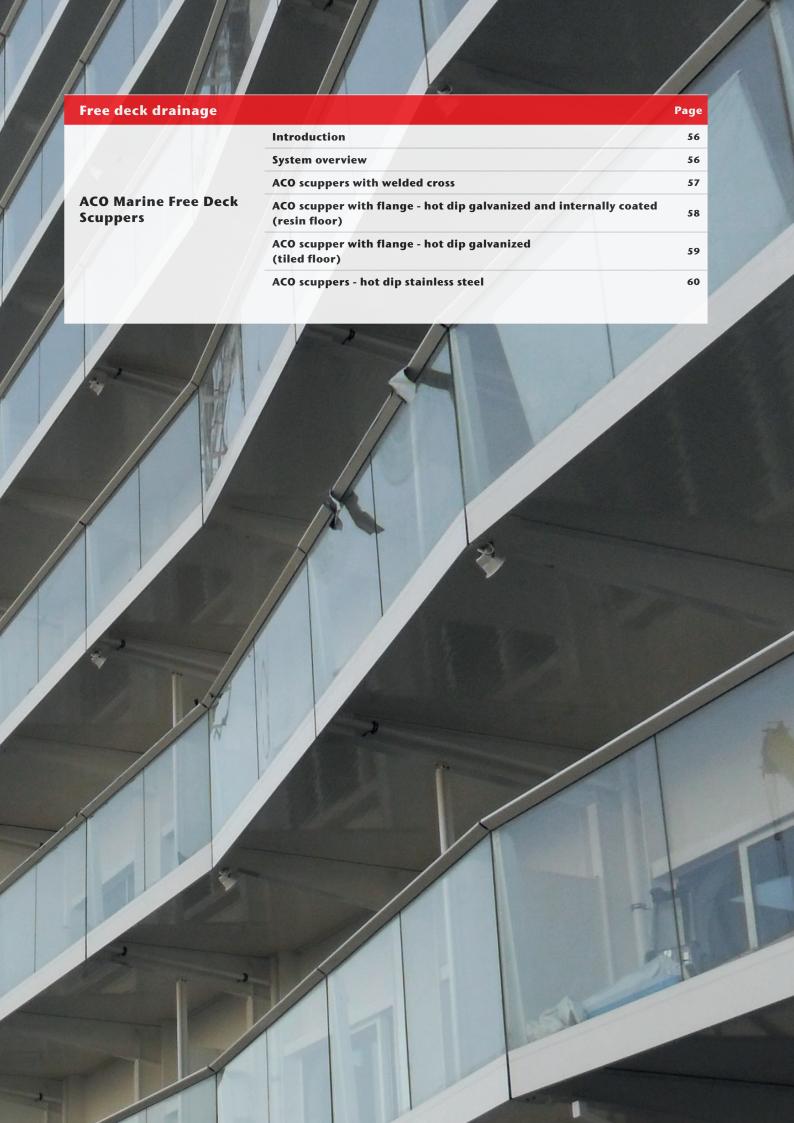
Green sealing rubber ring which is suitable for special applications where oil, solvents and strong acids are present in waste water; and for applications with higher temperatures. Viton® seal has limited resistance to chemicals like acetone, methyl alcohol.

Rubber type	EPDM	NBR	FPM (Viton®)						
Colour	black	black	green						
Temperature range	-50 / +130 / +150 °C	-30 / +80 / +100 °C	-20 / +200 / +300 °C						
Resistance									
Water	excellent	good	good						
Chemicals									
Acids	good	fair	excellent						
Bases	good	fair	excellent						
Benzene/Petrol	unsatisfied	excellent	excellent						
Oils									
ASTM Oil No. 1	unsatisfied	excellent	excellent						
ASTM Oil No. 3	unsatisfied	excellent	excellent						
Ozone & weather stresses	good	limited	good						

To be sure of suitability for special applications please consult exact seal material features within ACO installation guide.







Introduction

ACO Marine has designed a wide range of multi-application, high performance galvanized steel deck scuppers.

The ACO Marine GM-X Steel range of scuppers is designed to provide quick, simple and economic trapped drainage solutions for decks, etc.

All floor finishes, including all resin screeds, ceramic tiles, flexible vinyl sheet in solid and suspended flooring applications are catered for.

Optional side inlet facilities are provided to fit the hand basin and the condensation waste pipes.

Product Benefits

- Ultra-compact design ideal for suspended deck applications
- Quick, easy installation in screed, tiled or flexible vinyl deck material finishes
- Choice of Ø 159, 133, 102, 89, 73 and 53 mm vertical spigot outlets
- Attractive, neat appearance
- Telescopic height variant providing full 360° rotation and +/- 7.5° pitch & roll adjustment
- End stops provided preventing accidental dismantling on telescopic variants
- Supplied boxed complete with fitting instructions - no loose parts

Typical Applications

Drainage for Free decks

Galvanized steel

Free deck galvanized steel scuppers are manufactured from welded, one-time cold-drawn precision steel sheet in accordance with DIN 2394.

Tensile strength: Rm 310-410 N/mm² Elongation at break: A5 min. 28%

As a material, the practical properties of steel include:

- virtually unbreakable
- dimensionally stable
- heat and frost proof
- favourable acoustic behaviour
- non-combustible

System overview

ACO Galvanized Steel Scuppers



Scupper body



ACO scuppers with welded cross

Drawing	D1 [mm]	D2 [mm]	H1 [mm]	H2 [mm]	Weight [kg]	Material	Part no.
ØD2 8.8	53	76	160	50	0.93		E97 082 002
2	75	95	160	50	1.47		E97 083 002
E	89	127	160	50	1.88	Galvanised	E97 084 002
ØDI	102	133	160	50	1.99	Steel	E97 085 002
	133	168	160	50	2.71		E97 086 003
	159	197	209	50	5.10		E97 087 003



ACO scupper with flange - hot dip galvanized and internally coated (resin floor)

Drawing	D1 [mm]	D2 [mm]	D3 [mm]	H1 [mm]	H2 [mm]	H3 [mm]	Weight [kg]	Material	Part no.
ØD2 ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### #	73	82	135	185 - 205	165	50	1.65	Galvanised Steel	405492



ACO scupper with flange - hot dip galvanized (tiled floor)

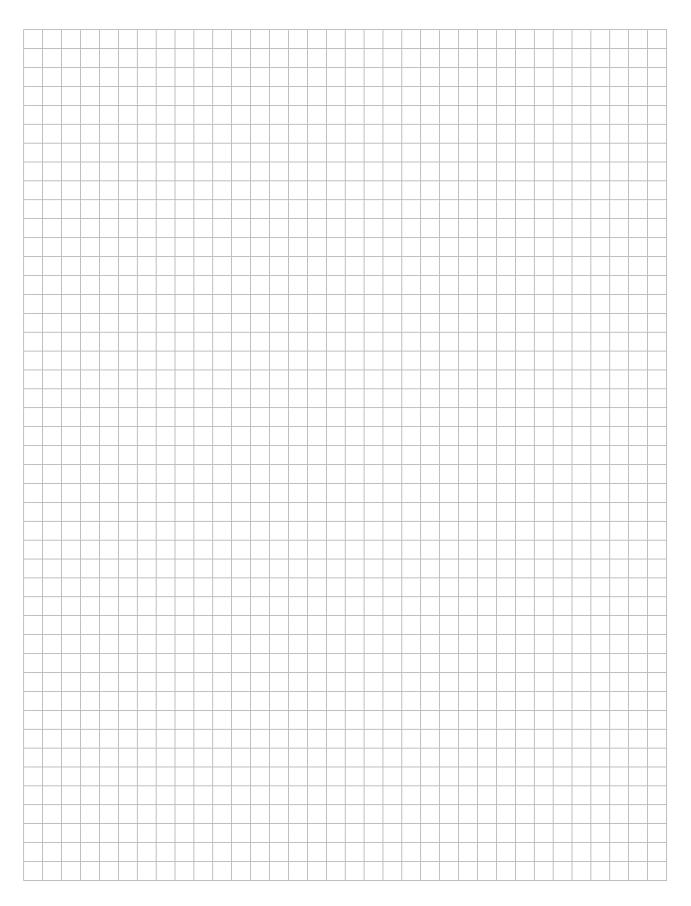
75 135 125 236 - 264 70 - 98 165 Galvanised Steel 405493	Drawing	D1 [mm]	D2 [mm]	B x B [mm]	H1 [mm]	H2 [mm]	H3 [mm]	Material	Part no.
	T							Galvanised Steel	405493



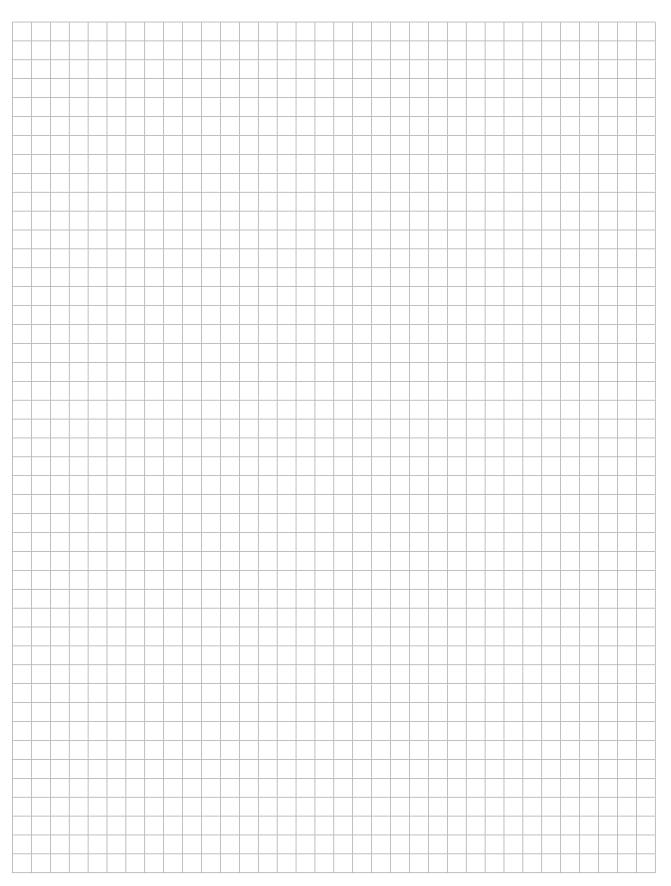
ACO scuppers - hot dip stainless steel

Drawing	D1 [mm]	D2 [mm]	D3 [mm]	D4 [mm]	H1 [mm]	H2 [mm]	Material	Part no.
ØD4 ØD3 ØD2 8.8	50	50	60	89 x 8.8	155	100		Z265065
± 2 ± 2 ± 2 ± 2 ± 2 ± 2 ± 2 ± 2 ± 2 ± 2	75	75	85	108 x 8.8	160	100	Stainless Steel	Z265066
Ξ ØD1	110	110	120	152 x 8.8	160	100	Stailless Steel	Z265067
	125	125	135	168 x 8.8	180	100		Z265068

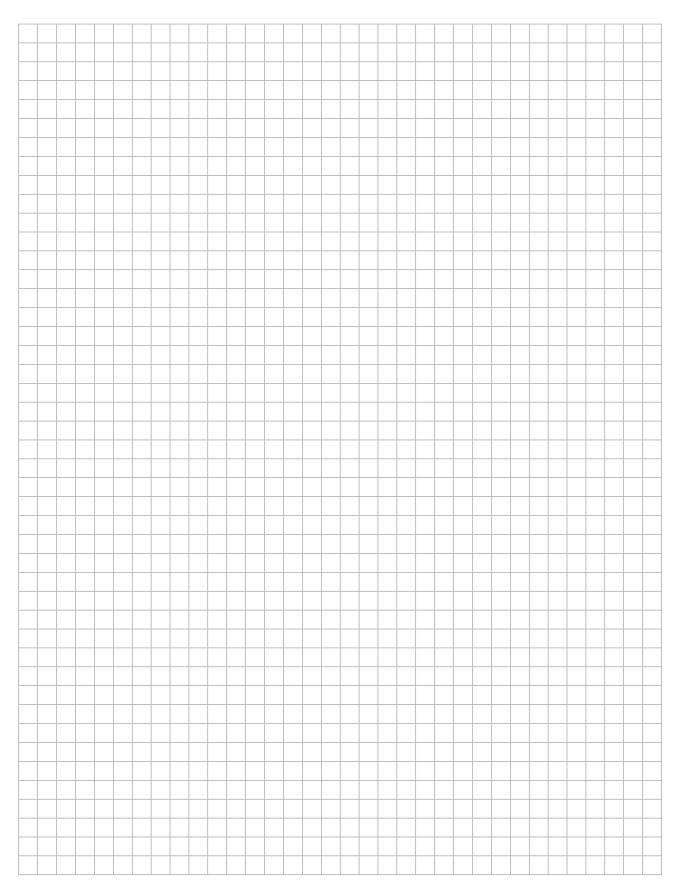














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